



BOULDER STEEL LTD
ABN 78 009 074 588
AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

HALF-YEAR INFORMATION
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2009
PROVIDED TO THE ASX UNDER LISTING
RULE 4.2A

**This half-year financial report is to be read in conjunction with the
financial report for the year ended 30 June 2009.**

Appendix 4D

Half Year Report for the six months to 31 December 2009

Name of entity

BOULDER STEEL LTD

ABN or equivalent company reference:	78 009 074 588
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1. Reporting period

Report for the half year ended	31 DECEMBER 2009
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Previous corresponding period is the financial year ended and half year ended

2. Results for announcement to the market

Revenues from ordinary activities (<i>item 2.1</i>)	up /down	87 %	to	19
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members (<i>item 2.2</i>)	up/ down	21 %	to	(4,911)
Net profit (loss) for the period attributable to members (<i>item 2.3</i>)	up/ down	21 %	to	(4,911)
Dividends (<i>item 2.4</i>)		Amount per security		Franked amount per security
Interim dividend		N/A ¢		¢
Final dividend		¢		¢
Previous corresponding period		N/A ¢		¢
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend (<i>item 2.5</i>)				N/A
Brief explanation of any of the figures reported above necessary to enable the figures to be understood (<i>item 2.6</i>):				

(i)

3. Net tangible assets per security (item 3)

	Current period	Previous corresponding period
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	2.3 cents	3.7 cents

4. Details of entities over which control has been gained or lost during the period: (item 4)

Control gained over entities

Name of entities (item 4.1)	N/A	
Date(s) of gain of control (item 4.2)		
Contribution to consolidated profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax by the controlled entities since the date(s) in the current period on which control was acquired (item 4.3)		\$
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax of the controlled entities for the whole of the previous corresponding period (item 4.3)		\$

Loss of control of entities

Name of entities (item 4.1)	N/A	
Date(s) of loss of control (item 4.2)		
Contribution to consolidated profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax by the controlled entities to the date(s) in the current period when control was lost (item 4.3).		\$
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax of the controlled entities for the whole of the previous corresponding period (item 4.3)		\$

(ii)

5. Dividends (*item 5*)

	Date of payment	Total amount of dividend
Interim dividend – year ended 30 June 2010	N/A	\$
Final dividend – year ended 30 June 2009	N/A	\$

Amount per security

	Amount per security	Franked amount per security at % tax	Amount per security of foreign sourced dividend
Total dividend: Current year	¢	¢	¢
Previous year	¢	¢	¢

Total dividend on all securities

	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding Period - \$A'000
Ordinary securities (<i>each class separately</i>)	N/A	
Preference securities (<i>each class separately</i>)		
Other equity instruments (<i>each class separately</i>)		
Total		

6. **Details of dividend or distribution reinvestment plans in operation are described below** (*item 6*):

The last date(s) for receipt of election notices for participation in the dividend or distribution reinvestment plan

(iii)

7. Details of associates and joint venture entities (item 7)

Name of associate or joint venture entity %Securities held

Euro Forming Services GmbH	50

Aggregate share of profits (losses) of associates and joint venture entities

Group's share of associates' and joint venture entities':	2009 A\$'000	2008 A\$'000
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax	(112)	
Income tax on ordinary activities	-	-
Net profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax	(112)	
Adjustments	-	-
Share of net profit (loss) of associates and joint venture entities	(56)	
	-	-

8. The financial information provided in the Appendix 4D is based on the half year condensed financial report (attached), which has been prepared in accordance with Australian accounting standards.

9. Independent review of the financial report (item 9)

The financial report has been independently reviewed. The financial report is not subject to a qualified independent review statement.

10. Matters relating to a qualified independent review statement

A description of the dispute or qualification in respect of the independent review of the half-year financial report is provided below (item 17)

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BOULDER STEEL LTD
ABN 78 009 074 588
AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2009

This half-year financial report is to be read in conjunction
with the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2009.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2009**

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BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the condensed financial report of the consolidated entity consisting of Boulder Steel Ltd and the entities it controlled, for the half-year ended 31 December 2009 and independent review report thereon. This financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Equivalents of International Financial Reporting Standards.

Directors' Names

The names of the directors in office at any time during or since the end of the half-year are:

Richard Martin (Non-executive Chairman)

Markus Buhl (Non-Executive Director)

Dieter Hopf (Non-Executive Director)

Carl Moser (Executive Director)

All directors have been in office since the start of the financial period to the date of this report.

Review of Operations

The consolidated loss of the group for the half-year after providing for income tax amounted to \$4,910,740. (2008: Loss \$4,046,451)

1. The Gladstone Steel Project, Queensland 100% Boulder Steel Limited

During the period under review the following work has been undertaken:

The site EIS is nearing completion and the final Terms of Reference (TOR) for the EIS were released in November 2009. The project has progressed significantly with Queensland Government support.

Updated pre-feasibility studies reaffirm low production costs for the Gladstone Steel Project in comparison with overseas producers. The benefits of being an integrated steel producer are borne out during the global financial crisis.

In December 2009, the Company entered two framework agreements with Arabia for Business Strategies (ABS). With respect to the Gladstone Steel Project the parties agreed that:

- a) ABS will have an economic interest of 70%.
- b) Boulder will have an economic interest of 30%.
- c) ABS is responsible to secure all debt funding.
- d) Boulder will have to service its portion of the debt funding.

Details of the equity funding will be subject to further negotiations between the two parties.

The second framework agreement covers the proposed rail and heavy beam plant in Saudi Arabia, the feed of which will be supplied by the Gladstone Steel Project. Boulder will have

an economic interest of 20-30% and ABS will have an economic interest of 70-80% in this venture. As with the Gladstone project, all debt funding will be the responsibility of ABS and Boulder will have to service its portion of the debt.

**2. Sharjah Finishing Plant Project, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates
100% Boulder Steel Limited (through subsidiary – Boulder Steel [UAE]
Limited)**

The project was terminated after the land was handed back to the Hamriyah Free Zone Authority. The Company has written down project expenses of \$2,796,536 during the period under review.

**3. Euro Forming Services GmbH (“EFS”)
50% Boulder Steel Limited**

During the period under review, EFS’s total revenue was €5,150,236, up from €3,981,668 for the six months to June 2009. This represents a rise in sales of 29%, which is the result of good business management in times of depressed market conditions for the automotive industries in Europe.

4. Other Significant Item

During the period under review, the Company recorded the following significant item:

In November 2009 a private placement of 15,396,154 ordinary shares at a price of 13 cents per share raised \$2,001,500. This placement was made in two tranches and in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 7.1.

**BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED**

Auditor's Declaration

A copy of the auditor's declaration in relation to the review for the half-year is provided with this report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

DirectorCarl Moser.....

Dated this 26th day of February 2010

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION
To the Directors of Boulder Steel Ltd.

In relation to the half-year independent review for the six months to 31 December 2009, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001
- (ii) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct

Date 26 February 2010
Sydney

Wong & Mayes
Martin G Thompson
Partner

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE
INCOME FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Half-year	
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Other income		-
Interest Received	19,105	147,100
Total income	19,105	147,100
Employee benefits expense	(531,616)	(922,210)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	(27,706)	(2,419)
Communication/office/corporate	(403,020)	(332,990)
Diminution of UAE Project value	(2,796,536)	(2,613,124)
Consulting fees	(75,240)	(996,248)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(856,111)	811,934
Finance costs	-	(3,298)
Project investment expenses	(183,316)	-
Other expenses	-	(135,196)
Total Expenses	(4,873,545)	(4,193,551)
Share of profit/(loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	(56,300)	-
Loss before income tax	(4,910,740)	(4,046,451)
Income tax expense (income tax benefit)	-	-
Net loss after income tax	(4,910,740)	(4,046,451)
Profit attributable to minority interests	-	-
Profit attributable to the members of the parent	(4,910,740)	(4,046,451)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Other comprehensive income before income tax	-	-
Income tax expense	-	-
Other comprehensive income attributable to minority Equity interest	-	-
Other Comprehensive income for period	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the period	(4,910,740)	(4,046,451)
Basic earnings per share (cents)	(1.01)	(0.84)
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	(0.80)	(0.84)

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL
POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

	31 Dec	30 June
	2009	2009
	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,212,873	1,899,679
Receivables	117,761	53,427
Other financial assets	81,600	81,600
	<u>1,412,234</u>	<u>2,034,706</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments accounted for using the equity method	2,074,069	2,440,720
Receivables	6,775,099	7,357,307
Property, plant and equipment	116,447	144,153
Other non-current assets	1,658,471	3,638,825
	<u>10,624,086</u>	<u>13,581,005</u>
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>12,036,320</u>	<u>15,615,711</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Payables	214,547	933,792
Short-term provisions	210,360	169,049
	<u>424,907</u>	<u>1,102,841</u>
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>424,907</u>	<u>1,102,841</u>
NET ASSETS	<u>11,611,413</u>	<u>14,512,870</u>
EQUITY		
Share capital/Revenue	62,301,313	60,292,030
Retained earnings	(50,689,900)	(45,779,160)
TOTAL EQUITY	<u>11,611,413</u>	<u>14,512,870</u>

**BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009**

	Half-year	
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
TOTAL EQUITY AT THE BEGINNING OF THE HALF-YEAR	14,512,870	21,738,755
Net income recognised directly in equity	-	-
Profit/loss for the half year	<u>(4,910,740)</u>	<u>(4,046,451)</u>
Total recognised income and expense for the period	<u>(4,910,740)</u>	<u>(4,046,451)</u>
 Attributable to:		
Members of the parent	(4,910,740)	(4,046,451)
Minority interest	-	-
 Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:		
Contributions	2,009,283	-
Share based expense reserve	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AT THE END OF THE HALF-YEAR	11,611,713	17,692,304

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Half-year	
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	-	-
Payments to suppliers and employees	(1,486,542)	(2,960,096)
Interest received	19,105	147,100
Borrowing costs	-	(3,298)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,467,437)	(2,816,294)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment for property, plant and equipment	-	-
Payment for investments	-	-
Payment for other non current assets - Project Expenses	(1,228,652)	(1,912,298)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(1,228,652)	(1,912,298)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from share issue	1,894,180	-
Proceeds option applications	115,103	-
Repayment of borrowings	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,009,283	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(686,806)	(4,728,592)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of half year	1,899,679	7,516,767
FX Losses	-	811,935
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the half-year	1,212,873	3,600,110

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES
Notes to the financial statements
31 December 2009

NOTES TO THE HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2009

**NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE HALF-YEAR
FINANCIAL REPORT**

This general purpose half year financial report has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 134 'Interim Financial Reporting' and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This half-year financial report does not include all the notes of the type usually included in an annual financial report. It is recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2009 and any public announcements made by Boulder Steel Limited during the half-year in accordance with any continuous disclosure obligations arising under the Corporations Act 2001.

(a) Basis of preparation of the half-year financial report

This financial report of Boulder Steel Ltd prepared in accordance with Australian Equivalents of International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS).

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes on assets as described in the accounting policies.

Summary of the significant accounting policies under AIFRS:

(b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are those of the consolidated entity, comprising the financial statements of the parent entity and of all entities, which Boulder Steel Limited controlled from time to time during the year and at balance date.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies, which may exist. All inter-company balances and transactions, including any unrealised profits or losses have been eliminated on consolidation.

(c) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers. Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon delivery of the service to the customer.

Government grants received that relate to specific assets or expenses are deferred and recognised as income in the same period as the asset is consumed or when the associated expenses are incurred.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. Dividends received from associates and joint ventures are accounted for in accordance with the equity method.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, deposits held at call with financial institutions and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(e) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials and consumables: purchase cost on a first-in-first-out basis; Finished goods and work-in-progress: cost of direct material and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Cost and valuation

Freehold land and buildings are measured at fair value. At each balance date the carrying value of each asset is reviewed to ensure that it does not differ materially from the asset's fair value at reporting date. Where necessary, the asset is revalued to reflect its fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other reserves in shareholders' equity after bringing to account any capital gains tax that would arise on disposal of that asset.

All other classes of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. Refer to note 1(i).

Depreciation

Land is not depreciated. The depreciable amounts of all other fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The useful lives for each class of assets are:

	2009	2008
Plant and equipment:	5 years	5 years
Leased plant and equipment:	5 years	5 years

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

(g) Leases

Leases are classified at their inception as either operating or finance leases based on the economic substance of the agreement so as to reflect the risks and benefits incidental to ownership.

Finance Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all of the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, are transferred to entities within the consolidated entity are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised, recording at the inception of the lease an asset and liability equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, and disclosed as plant and equipment under lease.

Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the assets and the lease term. Lease payments are allocated between interest expense and reduction of the lease liability. The interest expense is calculated using the interest rate implicit in the lease and is included in finance costs in the Income Statement.

The cost of improvements to or on leasehold property is capitalised, disclosed as leasehold improvements, and amortised over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements, whichever is the shorter.

Operating Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all of the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

(h) Intangibles

Goodwill

Goodwill on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of net identifiable assets of the acquired entities at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill is not amortised but is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Research and Development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense when incurred.

Expenditure on development activities is capitalised only when it is expected beyond reasonable doubt that future benefits will exceed the deferred costs. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using a straight-line method to allocate the cost over a period (not exceeding three years), during which the related benefits are expected to be realised, once commercial production is commenced. Other development expenditure is recognised as an expense when incurred.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

(i) Impairment of assets

Assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised but are tested annually for impairment in accordance with AASB 136. Assets subject to annual depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances arise that indicates that the carrying amount of the asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is defined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

(j) Taxes

Current income tax expense or revenue is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

A balance sheet approach is adopted under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary differences and unused tax losses only when it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(k) Employee Benefits

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, sick leave and any other employee benefits expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. All other employee benefit liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Share-based payments

The group operates an employee share option plan and an employee share scheme. The bonus element over the exercise price for the grant of shares and options is recognised as an expense in the Income Statement in the period(s) when the benefit is earned.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options at grant date. Under the transitional arrangements for first-time adoption of AIFRS, no expense has been recognised for options granted before 7 November 2002 and/or vested before 1 January 2005. For options granted after 7 November 2002 and vesting after 1 January 2005 the fair value of options at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognised as an employee expense over the period during which the employees become entitled to the option.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

The market value of shares issued to employees for no cash consideration under the employee share scheme is recognised as an expense when the employees become entitled to the shares.

(I) Financial Instruments

Classification

The group classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates the designation at each reporting date.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Investments in listed securities are carried at fair value through profit and loss. They are measured at their fair value at each reporting date and any increment or decrement in fair value from the prior period is recognised in the profit and loss of the current period. Fair value of listed investments are based on current bid prices.

Non-listed investment for which fair value cannot be reliably measured, are carried at cost and tested for impairment.

Held-to-Maturity Investments

Fixed term investments intended to be held to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. They are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Loans and Receivables

Loan and receivables are measured at fair value at inception and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-Sale

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories and are measured at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to equity. The cumulative gain or loss is held in equity until the financial asset is de-recognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss held in equity is recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss arising in relation to an “available-for-sale” instrument is recognised directly in profit and loss for the period.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables, other creditors and loans from third parties including inter-company balances and loans from or other amounts due to director-related entities.

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

Hedge Accounting

Certain derivatives are designated as hedging instruments and are further classified as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges.

At the inception of each hedging transaction the group documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items, its risk management objective and its strategy for undertaking the hedge transaction. The group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

To qualify as a cash flow hedge the underlying transactions generating the cash flows must be highly probable.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges are recognised in equity in the cash flow hedging reserve. This gain or loss is released to profit or loss in the same period when the forecast transactions occur, thereby mitigating any exchange fluctuations that would have transpired in the absence of the hedge.

(m) Foreign Currencies

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of each group entity are measured using its functional currency, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, as this is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies of entities within the consolidated entity are translated into functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items that are outstanding at the reporting date (other than monetary items arising under foreign currency contracts where the exchange rate for that monetary item is fixed in the contract) are translated using the spot rate at the end of the financial year.

Resulting exchange differences arising on settlement or re-statement are recognised as revenues and expenses for the financial year.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements

31 December 2009

Group Companies

The financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period; and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the group's foreign currency translation reserve as a separate component of equity in the balance sheet.

NOTE 2: COMPARATIVE INFORMATION - SEASONAL OPERATIONS

The group's operations are not seasonal and therefore there are no substantial variations between levels of revenues or profits for different interim periods during the year.

NOTE 3: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the half-year.

NOTE 4: SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

There were no significant items which occurred during the financial period.

NOTE 5: REVISIONS OF ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Apart from the changes describe nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior annual reporting periods, if those changes have a material effect in the current interim period.

NOTE 6: DIVIDENDS

No dividends were declared or paid during the financial periods.

BOULDER STEEL LTD AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Notes to the financial statements 31 December 2009

NOTE 7: SEGMENT INFORMATION

	Half-year	
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
Segment revenue		
Australia	19,105	147,100
UAE	-	-
Germany	-	-
Share of net profits of associates	-	-
Unallocated revenue	-	-
Total revenue	<u>19,105</u>	<u>147,100</u>
Segment results		
Australia	(2,057,904)	(1,433,327)
UAE	(2,796,536)	(2,613,124)
Germany	(56,300)	-
Unallocated revenue less unallocated expenses	-	-
Loss before income tax	<u>(4,910,740)</u>	<u>(4,046,451)</u>

NOTE 8: ISSURANCES, REPURCHASES, AND REPAYMENTS OF DEBT AND EQUITY SECURITIES

No issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt securities account during the financial period.

NOTE 9: CHANGES IN THE COMPOSITION OF THE ENTITY

There were no changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There have been no changes in contingent liabilities since 30 June 2009.

BOULDER STEEL LIMITED

DIRECTORS DECLARATION

The directors declare that the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 17 in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*:

- (a) Comply with Accounting Standard AASB 134 "Interim Financial Reporting" and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and
- (b) Give a true and fair view of the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 31 December 2009 and of its performance as represented by the results of its operations and its cash flows, for the half-year ended on that date.

In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that Boulder Steel Ltd will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Carl U. Moser
Director
Sydney
26 February 2010

WONG & MAYES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

A.B.N. 76 132 744 872

MARTIN G. THOMPSON, B.Comm, M.Tax, FCA

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To the members of Boulder Steel Limited

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of Boulder Steel Ltd which comprises the condensed statement of financial Position as at 31 December 2009, and the condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in equity and condensed cash flow statement for the half-year ended on that date and the Director's declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Half-Year Financial Report

The directors of Boulder Steel Limited are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the half-year financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard ASRE 2410 Review of an Interim Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including; giving a true and fair view of the company financial position as at 31 December 2009 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As the auditor of Boulder Steel Limited, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, provided to the directors of Boulder Steel Limited on 30 September 2009 would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the date of this auditor's review report.

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of Boulder Steel Limited is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2009 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and Corporations Regulations 2001.

Wong & Mayes

Martin G Thompson
Partner

Date 26 February 2010